Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)
2019 - 2020
Update #10   21.02.20
Distribution of cases of COVID-19 as of 21 February

Globally: 76,769 confirmed cases and 2,247 deaths

Number of confirmed cases
- 1 - 2
- 3 - 10
- 11 - 100
- 101 - 500
- 501 - 5000
- > 5000

Time since last confirmed case
- Cases reported in the last 24 hours
- Cases reported in the last 2 - 7 days
- No cases reported in the last 7 days

Country / areas | Cases | Last confirmed | Days since last confirmed |
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CHINA | 75,657 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
REPUBLIC OF KOREA | 204 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
JAPAN | 93 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
AUSTRALIA | 17 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
International conveyance (Diamond Princess) | 634 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
SINGAPORE | 80 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
IRAN (ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF) | 5 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
THAILAND | 35 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | 9 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
CANADA | 8 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
FRANCE | 12 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
MALAYSIA | 22 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
EGYPT | 1 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | 15 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
VIETNAM | 16 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
UNITED KINGDOM | 9 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
GERMANY | 18 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
SPAIN | 2 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
ITALY | 2 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
PHILIPPINES | 3 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
BELGIUM | 1 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
INDIA | 3 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
RUSSIAN FEDERATION | 2 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
SWEDEN | 1 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
FINLAND | 1 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
CAMBODIA | 1 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
SRI LANKA | 1 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |
NEPAL | 1 | 21/02/2020 | 0 |

* Date of reporting of the last confirmed cases.

World Health Organization

Data Source: World Health Organization
Map Production: WHO Health Emergencies Programme

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Transmission of COVID-19
The virus is transmitted from a sick person to a healthy person through respiratory droplets when the sick person coughs or talks close to another person.

Current diagnostic tests have yielded positive results from a variety of specimens including throat swabs from asymptomatic people and feces.

These positive results are not a conclusive indication that people are contagious. People may have been exposed and infected but are NOT necessarily transmitting the disease. More investigations into potential other routes of transmission are ongoing.

What has been reported so far it that the main driver of transmission is droplet transmission from people with symptoms.
COVID-19 Risk Communication Package for Healthcare Facilities
Developed by the World Health Organization Regional Office for the Western Pacific

https://iris.wpro.who.int/handle/10665.1/14482
WHO recognizes the essential work of healthcare workers and the responsibility and importance of protecting the healthcare facility workforce

- A series of simplified messages and reminders based on WHO’s technical guidance on infection prevention and control in healthcare facilities in the context of COVID-19
  

- The package includes products such as posters and flyers; it provides healthcare workers (HCWs) and healthcare facility management with the information, procedures, and tools required to safely and effectively work.

- An editable ppt is available for adaptation and translation
Understanding the risks & protecting health workers

Health workers are at the front line of the outbreak response and are exposed to hazards that put them at risk of infection

- Health workers at risk of infection with coronavirus include: ambulance staff, reception staff, health assistants, nurses, doctors, laboratory workers, cleaners
- Specific guidance and tools are being developed to protect health workers in different settings: use of PPE, biosafety in laboratories, HCW risk assessment tool
- Health workers have rights, roles and responsibilities that will help protect them from infection


Photo credit: South China Morning Post
Other existing resources related to the health and safety of health workers


- ePROTECT respiratory occupational health and safety [https://openwho.org/courses/eprotect-acute-respiratory-infections](https://openwho.org/courses/eprotect-acute-respiratory-infections)


Stigma is harmful to people and to the outbreak response
Stigma stories

'We're not the walking dead': Americans face coronavirus quarantine stigma

Coronavirus scare triggers stigma against students, Chinese Indonesians

As coronavirus fears spread, spare a thought for Chinese battling stigma

- Ordinary people in Wuhan did not cause the virus, but are now under lockdown or being refused entry around the world
The impact of stigma

Stigma can....

• drive people to hide the illness to avoid discrimination.
• stop people from seeking health care immediately and
• prevent people from adopting healthy behaviors.

A guide to preventing and addressing social stigma, developed by IFRC, UNICEF and WHO will be published soon.

“This is the time for facts, not fear.
This is the time for science, not rumors.
This is the time for solidarity, not stigma.

We are all in this together.”

Dr. Tedros
More information

WHO sources:

COVID-19 website: https://www.who.int/health-topics/coronavirus

WHO Travel Advice: https://www.who.int/ith/en/

Email: EPI-WIN@who.int

Website: www.EPI-WIN.com